## **Amenity Provision Guidelines for Workers' Dormitories**

## Basic Basic amenities such as living quarters, common toilets and dining areas facilities are required to be provided. The design, construction and provision of such basic facilities and amenities for the workers' dormitory shall meet the relevant authorities' requirements. (PUB, NEA, SCDF and MOM etc.). The developer is strongly encouraged to construct and provide additional amenities such as sickbay, laundry washing, drying area and collection point within the development. Recreational In addition to the basic amenities, the developer is also required to amenities provide recreational amenities within the development. The minimum GFA for the recreational amenities, which depends on the number of workers housed in a dormitory, is as follows: GFA No. of workers Minimum b) Minimum land area housed in a dormitory dedicated for indoor dedicated for outdoor recreational recreational facilities amenities<sup>5</sup> 50 to 300 50 sqm Encouraged<sup>6</sup> 301 to 500 75 sqm Encouraged<sup>6</sup> 501 to 1000 100 sqm Encouraged<sup>6</sup> 1001 to 5000 0.10 sqm per worker<sup>7</sup> 0.30 sqm per worker (min. of one 100 sam multi-purpose room (min. of one 240 sqm for the first 1,000 hard court for the first workers) 1,000 workers) recreational Only spaces are to be counted towards this provision requirement Commercial The developer is allowed to provide up to 20 sgm of GFA in the development for commercial amenities if there are more than 100 amenities workers and up to 500 workers housed in the dormitory. The developer is required to provide a minimum of 0.05 sqm per worker up to a maximum of 0.10 sqm per worker, if there are more than 500 workers and up to 5000 workers housed in the dormitory. The commercial quantum is subject to evaluation for workers' dormitory housing more than 5000 workers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Examples of indoor recreational amenities are multi-purpose room, gymnasium, reading room, TV rooms and basketball court. The reasonable sizes of a TV room and a gymnasium are 24 sqm and 40 sqm respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The developer is strongly encouraged to construct and provide outdoor games court, recreation and socializing area within the development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Where the site is subject to higher provision standards stipulated under the site's tender conditions, the higher standards shall apply.

	For foreign workers' dormitories in industrial/warehouse developments, the commercial amenities shall form part of the ancillary quantum control within industrial developments.  Examples of commercial amenities are mini-mart, barber shop, bicycle repair shop, telecommunications shop, internet shop, remittance shop, postal service shop and ATM.
Living space standards	The developer is required to provide a minimum of 4.5 sqm GFA per worker for the living space. These should include the basic living facilities, such as the sleeping quarters, kitchen, dining and toilet areas as well. This would serve the purpose of improving dormitory living standards and help to reduce likelihood of amenity issues.
Applicable DC rate for Recreational and Commercial amenities	The relevant Development Charge (DC) rates for Temporary Development Levy (TDL) or Differential Premium (DP) by SLA are as follows:  Recreational amenities Recreational amenities are to be computed under Industrial use rate.  Commercial amenities Commercial amenities are to be computed under Commercial use rate, i.e. Group A.